

KNOWLEDGE • RESOURCES • TRAINING

Medicare Vision Services



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What's Changed?

We added CPT codes 66989 and 66991 to Group 1 codes (page 6).

You'll find substantive content updates in dark red.

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Some patients may have a Medicare

supplement insurance, or retirement

benefits that help with routine vision

services, but these aren't part of the

Advantage (MA) Plan, Medicare

Original Medicare Program.

Medicare Fee-for-Service (Original Medicare) doesn't usually cover routine vision services like eyeglasses, contacts, and eye exams. Because of an illness or injury, we may cover some vision costs related to eye problems if they:

- Fall within a statutorily defined benefit category
- Are reasonable and necessary to diagnose or treat an illness or injury, or to improve the functioning of a malformed body part
- Aren't excluded from coverage

This fact sheet describes Medicare-covered vision services, including:

- Glaucoma screenings
- Intraocular lenses (IOLs), New Technology IOLs (NTIOLs), and related services
- Other eye-related, Medicare-covered services
- MA Plans and vision services

Glaucoma Screening

We cover high-risk patients' annual glaucoma screenings in at least 1 of these groups:

- Patients with diabetes mellitus
- Patients with family history of glaucoma
- African Americans aged 50 and older
- Hispanic Americans aged 65 and older

A covered glaucoma screening includes a:

- Dilated eye exam with intraocular pressure measurement
- Direct ophthalmoscopy exam or slit-lamp bio microscopic exam

We pay <u>glaucoma screening exams</u> by, or under the direct supervision in the office of, an ophthalmologist or optometrist legally authorized under state law. Medical record documentation must show the patient's high-risk group.

Use **diagnosis code Z13.5** (encounter for screening for eye and ear disorders) to bill glaucoma screening claims.

While glaucoma screening is a Medicare-covered preventive service, apply patients' copayment or coinsurance, and deductible.



Providers in these settings may use the appropriate Table 1 HCPCS code to bill glaucoma screening services:

- Independent or clinic-based ophthalmologists or optometrists (or qualified providers under direct professional supervision): Use revenue code 770
- Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility: Use revenue code 770
- **Critical access hospital:** Use revenue codes 96X, 97X, or 98X (if the facility elects the optional payment method)
- Skilled nursing facility: Use revenue code 770
- Hospital outpatient: Use any valid or appropriate revenue code
- Rural health clinic paid under the all-inclusive rate; include diagnosis code: Use revenue code 770
- Federally Qualified Health Center: Use revenue code 770

Table 1. Glaucoma Screening Billing & Coding

| Code | Descriptor |
|-------|--|
| G0117 | Glaucoma screening for high risk patients furnished by an optometrist or ophthalmologist |
| G0118 | Glaucoma screening for high risk patient furnished under the direct supervision of an optometrist or ophthalmologist |

Table 1's type of service code is Q. Applicable glaucoma screening service types of bill include 13X, 22X, 23X, 71X, 73X, 75X, and 85X.

IOLs & NTIOLs

A **conventional IOL** is a small, lightweight, clear disk replacing the focusing power of the eye's natural crystalline lens. We cover a conventional IOL when it's implanted during cataract surgery. A cataract is an opacity or cloudiness in the eye's crystalline lens blocking light passage through the lens, which can result in blurred or impaired vision.

Many adults 65 years or older develop cataracts, which are caused by various factors, including ultraviolet-b radiation exposure, diabetes complications, drug and alcohol use, smoking, and the natural aging process.

We cover these IOL items and services:

- Conventional IOL implanted during cataract surgery
- Facility and physician services and supplies needed to insert a conventional IOL during cataract surgery
- 1 pair of prosthetic eyeglasses or contact lenses provided after each cataract surgery with IOL insertion (DME suppliers submit eyeglasses or contact lenses claims to their DME Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC))

Get more prosthetic cataract lenses coverage information.



Ambulatory Surgical Center NTIOLs

Ambulatory surgical center (ASC) facility services include FDA-approved IOLs inserted during or after cataract surgery. The FDA classified IOLs into these categories:

- Anterior chamber angle fixation lenses
- Iris fixation lenses
- Irido-capsular fixation lenses
- Posterior chamber lenses

ASCs providing an IOL designated as an NTIOL must submit claims to their MAC to get the NTIOL payment adjustment. The MAC determines if the item or service falls into 1 of the categories above and processes the claims. It's possible to get an IOL insertion payment adjustment for a new class of NTIOLs during the 5-year period established for that class. 42 CFR Subpart G has more information on payment adjustments.



Presbyopia- and Astigmatism-Correcting IOLs

Common eye problems include presbyopia and astigmatism corrected by presbyopia-correcting IOLs (P-C IOLs) and astigmatism-correcting IOLs (A-C IOLs). A P-C IOL and an A-C IOL are 2 separate items or services:

- Medicare covers: implantable conventional IOL (not P-C or A-C)
- Medicare doesn't cover: surgical correction, eyeglasses, or contact lenses to correct presbyopia
 or astigmatism

When a patient requests a P-C or A-C IOL instead of a conventional IOL, tell the patient before the procedure that we don't pay physician and facility services for insertion, adjustment, or other subsequent P-C or A-C IOL functionality treatments.

The CMS-recognized P-C IOLs and A-C IOLs document has more information.

Cataract Removal & IOLs Billing

Table 2 lists approved cataract removal and IOL insertion CPT and HCPCS codes. You must report the appropriate P-C or A-C IOLs code even though we don't cover that service part.

The voluntary Advance Beneficiary
Notice of Non-coverage (ABN) helps
patients decide whether to get the item
or service Medicare may not cover and
accept financial responsibility if we don't
pay. When you issue a voluntary ABN,
it has no effect on financial liability, and
the patient isn't required to select an
option or sign and date the notice.



Table 2. Cataract Removal, P-C IOLs, & A-C IOLs Billing & Coding

| Group 1 Codes | Descriptor |
|---------------|---|
| 66830 | Removal of secondary membranous cataract (opacified posterior lens capsule and/or anterior hyaloid) with corneo-scleral section, with or without iridectomy (iridocapsulotomy, iridocapsulectomy) |
| 66840 | Removal of lens material; aspiration technique, 1 or more stages |
| 66850 | Removal of lens material; phacofragmentation technique (mechanical or ultrasonic) (eg, phacoemulsification), with aspiration |
| 66852 | Removal of lens material; pars plana approach, with or without vitrectomy |
| 66920 | Removal of lens material; intracapsular |
| 66930 | Removal of lens material; intracapsular, for dislocated lens |
| 66940 | Removal of lens material; extracapsular (other than 66840, 66850, 66852) |
| 66983 | Intracapsular cataract extraction with insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis (1 stage procedure) |
| 66984 | Extracapsular cataract removal with insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis (1 stage procedure) manual or mechanical technique (eg, irrigation and aspiration or phacoemulsification); without endoscopic cyclophotocoagulation |
| 66988 | Extracapsular cataract removal with insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis (1 stage procedure), manual or mechanical technique (eg, irrigation and aspiration or phacoemulsification); with endoscopic cyclophotocoagulation |
| 66989 | Extracapsular cataract removal with insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis (1-stage procedure), manual or mechanical technique (eg, irrigation and aspiration or phacoemulsification), complex, requiring devices or techniques not generally used in routine cataract surgery (eg, iris expansion device, suture support for intraocular lens, or primary posterior capsulorrhexis) or performed on patients in the amblyogenic developmental stage; with insertion of intraocular (eg, trabecular meshwork, supraciliary, suprachoroidal) anterior segment aqueous drainage device, without extraocular reservoir, internal approach, one or more |
| 66991 | Extracapsular cataract removal with insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis (1 stage procedure), manual or mechanical technique (eg, irrigation and aspiration or phacoemulsification); with insertion of intraocular (eg, trabecular meshwork, supraciliary, suprachoroidal) anterior segment aqueous drainage device, without extraocular reservoir, internal approach, one or more |

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Table 2. Cataract Removal, P-C IOLs, & A-C IOLs Billing & Coding (cont.)

| Group 1 Codes | Descriptor |
|---------------|---|
| V2632* | Posterior chamber intraocular lens |
| V2787** | Astigmatism correcting function of intraocular lens |
| V2788 | Presbyopia correcting function of intraocular lens |

Table 3. Cataract Removal, P-C IOLs, & A-C IOLs Billing & Coding

| Group 2 Codes | Descriptor |
|---------------|--|
| 66982*** | Extracapsular cataract removal with insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis (1-stage procedure), manual or mechanical technique (eg, irrigation and aspiration or phacoemulsification), complex, requiring devices or techniques not generally used in routine cataract surgery (eg, iris expansion device, suture support for intraocular lens, or primary posterior capsulorrhexis) or performed on patients in the amblyogenic development stage; without endoscopic cyclophotocoagulation |
| 66987*** | Extracapsular cataract removal with insertion of intraocular lens prosthesis (1-stage procedure), manual or mechanical technique (eg, irrigation and aspiration or phacoemulsification), complex, requiring devices or techniques not generally used in routine cataract surgery (eg, iris expansion device, suture support for intraocular lens, or primary posterior capsulorrhexis) or performed on patients in the amblyogenic developmental stage; with endoscopic cyclophotocoagulation |

^{*} Bill V2632 P-C or A-C conventional IOL functionality in an office setting only.

Hospitals and physicians may use the proper CPT codes to bill Medicare evaluation and management services usually associated with services following cataract extraction surgery, if appropriate.

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^{**} Bill V2787 to report the non-covered A-C IOL functionality charges of the inserted intraocular lens. Note: while V2788 is no longer valid to report non-covered A-C IOL charges, it's valid to report non-covered P-C IOL charges.

^{***} Codes 66982 and 66987 (complex cataract extraction) are reasonable and necessary when you use devices or techniques not generally used in routine cataract surgery. Find more examples in the Local Coverage Article (LCA): Cataract Extraction (A56544).

Note: Only bill mutually exclusive cataract removal codes once per eye. Get more information at National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) Policy Manual for Medicare Services, Chapter 8, Section D and the NCCI Edits webpage.

Other Eye-Related Medicare-Covered Services

- Eye prostheses for patients with an absence or shrinkage of an eye due to a birth defect, trauma, or surgical removal. We usually cover replacements every 5 years. We also cover polishing and resurfacing (DME suppliers submit eyeglasses or contact lenses claims to their DME MAC).
- Eye exams to evaluate eye disease or signs and symptoms of eye disease in patients with diabetes. We recommend annual ophthalmologist or optometrist exams for asymptomatic diabetics.
- Certain diagnostic tests and treatments for patients with age-related macular degeneration.

MA Plans & Vision Services

An MA vision benefit plan may cover:

- Routine eye exams
- Eyeglass frames (once every 24 months)
- 1 pair of eyeglass lenses or contact lenses every 24 months

For MA Plan patients, check with the MA Plan for information on eligibility, coverage, and payment. Each plan can have different out-of-pocket costs and specific rules for getting and billing services. You must follow the plan's terms and conditions for payment.

Resources

- LCA: Cataract Surgery (A56613)
- LCA: Cataract Surgery in Adults (A57195)
- LCA: Complex Cataract Surgery: Appropriate Use and Documentation (A53047)
- LCA: Micro-Invasive Glaucoma Surgery (MIGS) (A56491)
- Section 90 of Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 16
- Section 70 of Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 18
- Section 280.1 of Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15

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